Each observation corresponds to an individual subject in one round of one match of one session.

Variable definitions for Levine-Palfrey voter turnout study (APSR 2007):

Match – For n=9,27,51, takes on values 2 and 3. 2 indicates the first treatment of the session (either landslide or tossup). 3 indicates the second treatment of the session (either tossup or landslide). For n=3, there is only one treatment (2-1), and match takes on values from 2 to 51.

Round – Each treatment in a session has 50 rounds labeled from 0 to 49.

groupId – only relevant for n=3 sessions where several 3-person groups were run in parallel and randomly reshuffled each round

subjectid – ID number assigned to subject in a session

payoff – subject earnings in points, in an election

party – indicates which party a subject belonged to in a round: 0=large party 1=small party

cost – subject’s randomly assigned voting cost (Y-bonus) in a round.

vote – subject’s voting decision: 0=abstain 1=vote

date – unique session identifier

newid – unique subject identifier

election – unique election identifier

size – electorate size (3,9,27,51)

tossup – =1 if large party has only one more member than small party. =0 otherwise.

Abstract = 0 if political language framing was used in the session (“vote”, etc.) =1 otherwise